

Apéndice 1

***CIRCUITOS
IMPLEMENTADOS***

CIRCUITOS UTILIZADOS EN EL SIMULADOR "ELDO"

```

AMODEL CONVERSOR V_I (P1,P2,P3,P4);
DECLARE PIN P1,P2,P3,P4 : ELECTRICAL;
DECLARE STATE I1, I2 : REAL;
DECLARE PARAM N,H : REAL;
INITIALIZE
  MAKE H=1
  MAKE N=1
ENDINITIALIZE
ANALOG
  MAKE I1=VOLT.DIFF(P3,P4)*H/N
  MAKE I2=VOLT.DIFF(P1,P2)*H/N
  MAKE CURR.ON(P1)=I1
  MAKE CURR.ON(P2)=-I1
  MAKE CURR.ON(P3)=-I2
  MAKE CURR.ON(P4)=I2
ENDANALOG
ENDMODEL

```

```

AMODEL TRANSFORMADOR IDEAL(P1,P2,P3,P4);
DECLARE PIN P1,P2,P3,P4 : ELECTRICAL;
DECLARE IC IREF : ELECTRICAL;
DECLARE PARAM N:REAL;
INITIALIZE VSOURCE(P3,P4) ENDINITIALIZE
ANALOG
  MAKE VOLT.ACROSS(P3,P4)=VOLT.DIFF(P1,P2)/N
  MAKE CURR.ON(P1)=CURR.VALUE(IREF)/N
  MAKE CURR.ON(P2)=-1*CURR.VALUE(IREF)/N
ENDANALOG
ENDMODEL

```

CIRCUITOS UTILIZADOS EN EL SIMULADOR "PSPICE"

CONVERSION V-I

```
hc01 c04 NODO1 vc02 N/H
vc01 c03 c04 0
rc01 c01 NODO2 1n
hc02 c05 NODO4 vc01 N/H
vc02 c05 c06 0
rc02 c06 NODO3 1n
```

TRANSFORMADOR IDEAL

```
e in5 n6 n3 n4 rt
v dn5 in5 0
f n4 n3 v rt
rs dn5 n5 1n
rp n3 n4 1000G
```

Apéndice 2

***PROGRAMAS
UTILIZADOS***

*
**CÁLCULO DE HILO ÓPTIMO PARA EL
 CASO DE ENTREHIERRO CENTRAL**
 *

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
float k;

main()
{
int i,n,j,mini,minn;
double r1,r,min,d,a[5001],p();
FILE *fp;
fp=fopen("pgce0.prn","w");
k=0;
for (r1=0;r1<3.01;r1=r1+0.05)
{
    r=pow(10,r1)/10;
    for (i=1;i<113;i++)
    {
        for (n=1;n<41;n++)
        {
            a[40*(i-1)+n]=p(r,i*(1.0*n)/r/125,n);
        }
    }
    min=1000000000000;
    mini=1;
    minn=1;
    for (i=1;i<113;i++)
    {

```

```

for (n=1;n<41;n++)
{
if (a[40*(i-1)+n]<min)
{
mini=i;
minn=n;
min=a[40*(i-1)+n];
}
}

}

printf("\n%g",rl);

fprintf(fp, "\n%.3g\t%.3g\t%.3g\t%.3g\t%.3g\t%.3g",r,mini*(1.0*minn)/r/125,min
n,a[40*(mini-1)+minn],0.886*mini/125,minn/r);

}

fclose(fp);
}

double p(r,d,n)
double r,d;
int n;
{
double parcial,x;
x=d*0.886*sqrt(0.886*r*d/n);
parcial=r*x/(d*d*0.886*0.886);
parcial=parcial*((n*n/2+1)*(sinh(2*x)+sin(2*x))-4*(n*n/4-1)*
(sinh(x)*cos(x)+cosh(x)*sin(x)));
parcial=parcial/(3*(cosh(2*x)-cos(2*x)));
parcial=parcial+4*r*k*k/(3.1416*d);
return(parcial);
}

```

*
**CÁLCULO DE HILO ÓPTIMO PARA EL
CASO DE ENTREHIERRO CENTRAL Y EXTERIOR**
*

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
float k;

main()
{
int i,n,j,mini,minn;
double rl,r,min,d,a[5001],p();
FILE *fp;

fp=fopen("pgce0.prn","w");
k=0;
for (rl=0;rl<3.01;rl=rl+0.05)
{
    r=pow(10,rl)/10;
    for (i=1;i<113;i++)
    {
        for (n=1;n<41;n++)
        {
            a[40*(i-1)+n]=p(r,i*(1.0*n)/r/125,n);
        }
    }
    min=1000000000000;
    mini=1;
    minn=1;
}
```

```
for (i=1;i<113;i++)
{

for (n=1;n<41;n++)
{
if (a[40*(i-1)+n]<min)
{
mini=i;
minn=n;
min=a[40*(i-1)+n];
}
}

)

printf("\n%g",rl);

fprintf(fp, "\n%.3g\t%.3g\t%d\t%.3g\t%.3g\t%.3g",r,mini*(1.0*minn)/r/125,min
n,a[40*(mini-1)+minn],0.886*mini/125,minn/r);

}

fclose(fp);
}

double p(r,d,n)
double r,d;
int n;
{
double parcial,x;

x=d*0.886*sqrt(0.886*r*d/n);
```

```
parcial=r*x/(d*d*0.886*0.886);
parcial=parcial*((n*n/2+1)*(sinh(2*x)+sin(2*x))-4*(n*n/4-1)*(sinh(x)*cos(x)+cosh(
x)*sin(x)));
parcial=parcial/(3*(cosh(2*x)-cos(2*x)));
parcial=parcial+4*r*k*k/(3.1416*d);

return(parcial);
}
```


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