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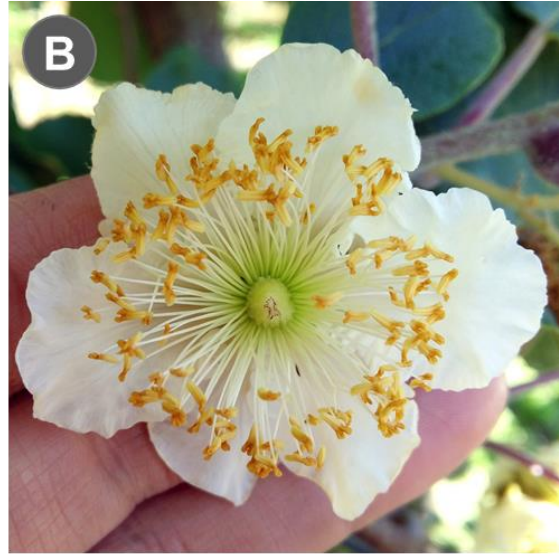
**SUPPORTING INFORMATION**

**Pollination of exotic fruit crops depends more on extant  
pollinators and landscape structure than on local  
management of domestic bees**

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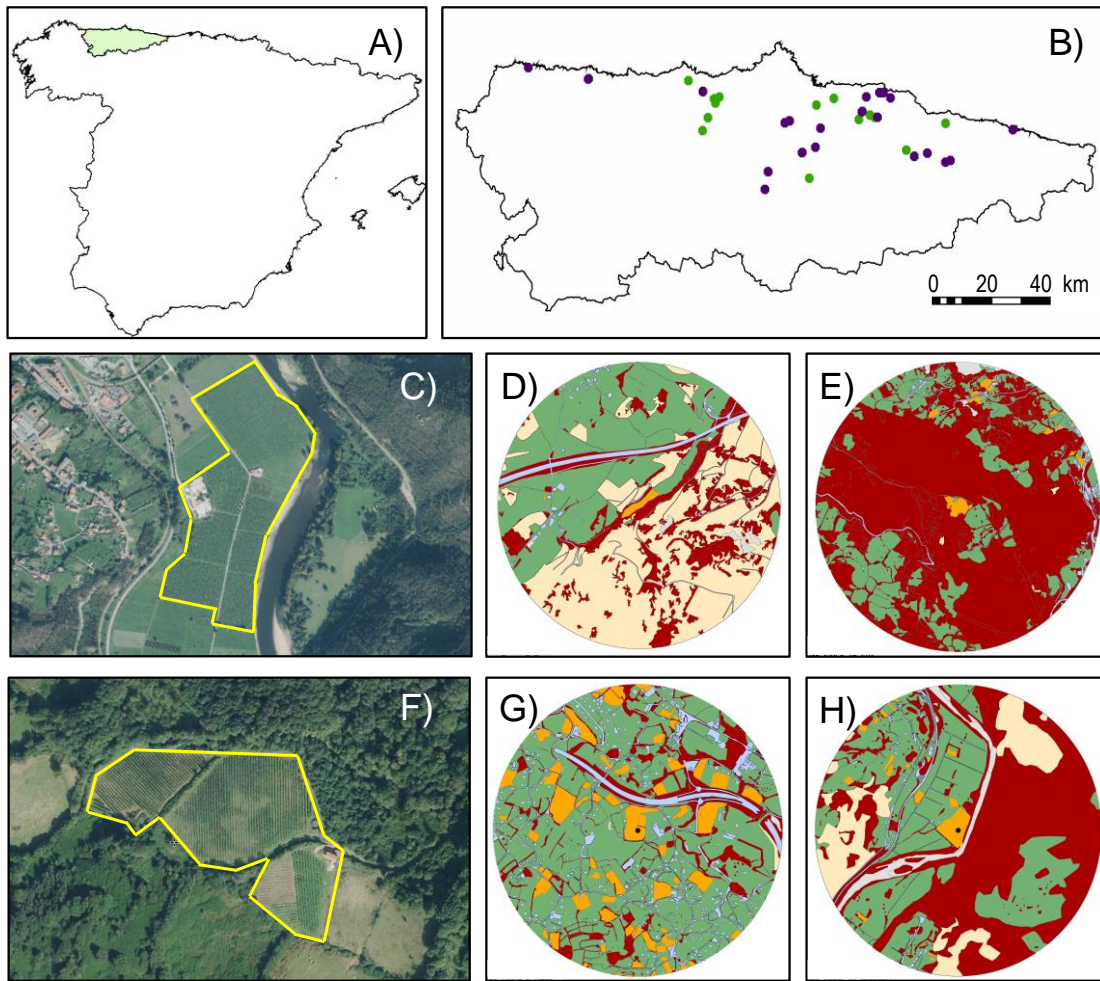


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14 Figure S1. Photographs of (A) female and (B) male kiwifruit flowers and (C) highbush (cv  
15 'Duke') and (D) rabbiteye (cv 'Ochlockonee') flowers. 'Duke' flower is proportionally shorter and  
16 has a wider aperture than 'Ochlockonee' flower.

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21 Figure S2. Details of the study area and examples of orchards and their surrounding  
 22 landscapes. (A) The region of study (Asturias province, in pale green, within Spain). (B) Map of  
 23 Asturias with the kiwifruit and blueberry orchards selected for this study depicted as green and  
 24 purple spots, respectively. (C) Example of a kiwifruit orchard, bordered in yellow. (D) and (E)  
 25 Examples of land cover types in the 1000-m radius plot around two different kiwifruit orchards:  
 26 semi-natural woody habitats (dark red patches), pastures (green), eucalyptus plantations (pale  
 27 yellow), fruit tree plantation (orange), urbanized land (pale blue) and other habitats (pale grey).  
 28 (F) Example of a blueberry orchard, bordered in yellow. (G) and (H) Examples of land cover  
 29 types in the 1000-m radius plot around two different blueberry orchards (colour codes as in (D)  
 30 and (E).

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36 Table S1. Features of orchards under study. Density of honeybee hives and bumblebee  
 37 colonies refers to number of devices per ha.

Features	Kiwifruit				Blueberry			
	Mean	Min	Max	%	Mean	Min	Max	%
Orchard size (ha)	6.4	0.9	28.0	-	1.7	0.5	5.8	-
Tree age (years)	21.8	7	33	-	7.0	4	12	-
Tree density kiwifruit (trees /ha)	590.0	324	1013	-	-	-	-	-
Plant density highbush blueberry (plants/ha)	-	-	-	-	4117.0	3333	5000	-
Plant density rabbitey blueberry (plants/ha)	-	-	-	-	3753.0	3333	4444	-
Male:female tree proportion	0.21	0.10	0.33	-	-	-	-	-
Orchards without honeybee hives or bumblebee colonies - year 1 (%)				26.7				45.0
Orchards without honeybee hives or bumblebee colonies - year 2 (%)				35.7				45.0
Orchards with honeybee hives - year 1 (%)	-	-	-	53.3	-	-	-	30.0
Orchards with honeybee hives - year 2 (%)	-	-	-	57.1	-	-	-	30.0
Density of honeybee hives - year 1*	11.0	3.0	25.0	-	5.3	0.9	18.7	-
Density of honeybee hives - year 2*	10.7	4.0	21.4	-	3.3	1.3	6.3	-
Orchards with bumblebee colonies - year 1 (%)	-	-	-	40.0	-	-	-	40.0
Orchards with bumblebee colonies - year 2 (%)	-	-	-	21.4	-	-	-	40.0
Density of bumblebee colonies - year 1**	2.1	0.4	4.5	-	3.3	0.9	9.0	-
Density of bumblebee colonies - year 2**	1.8	0.4	4.0	-	3.2	0.9	5.2	-
Orchards with honeybee hives and bumblebee colonies - year 1 (%)	-	-	-	20.0	-	-	-	15.0
Orchards with honeybee hives and bumblebee colonies - year 2 (%)	-	-	-	14.3	-	-	-	15.0

\* Including only sites with hives

\*\* Including only sites with commercial colonies

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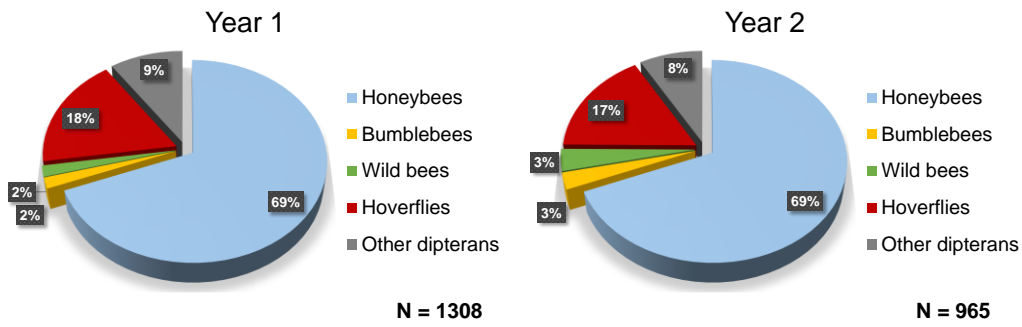
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51 Table S2. Results of Principal Components Analysis (PCA) accounting for the variability in the six  
 52 general cover types in R1000 plots across kiwifruit and blueberry orchards. PCAs were calculated  
 53 based on the percentages of different cover types in the R1000 plots around each orchard  
 54 (quantified by GIS, ArcGIS9.3). PCA factor scores were obtained from the three first (Varimax)  
 55 rotated eigenvectors of each analysis. The percentage of variance accounted for by each  
 56 eigenvector, as well as the loadings of rotated factors (correlations, coefficients  $\geq |0.650|$   
 57 highlighted in bold) are shown.

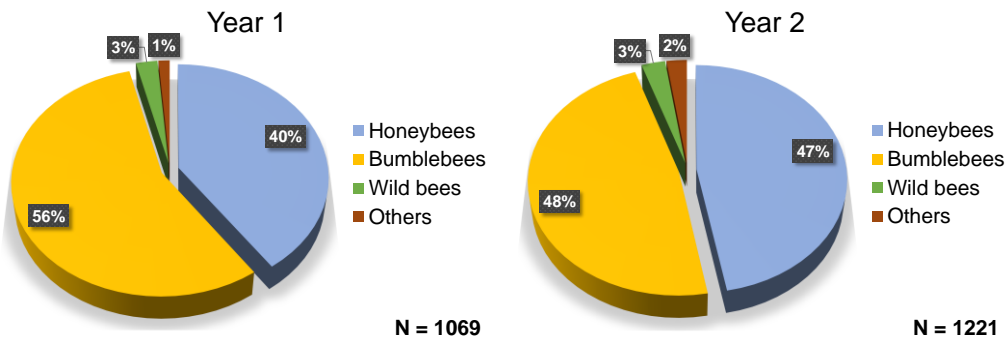
Crop	Factors	PC1	PC2	PC3
Kiwifruit	% Variance explained	42.02	23.71	15.56
	Semi-natural woody habitats	-0.536990	-0.247425	<b>-0.780498</b>
	Urbanized land	-0.154156	-0.265047	<b>0.857783</b>
	Pastures	<b>0.876150</b>	-0.284646	0.249256
	Fruit tree plantations	0.213668	-0.665787	0.211120
	Exotic tree plantations	-0.230668	<b>0.903688</b>	0.069954
	Other habitats	<b>-0.782343</b>	0.343247	0.200206
Highbush and rabbiteye blueberry	% Variance explained	36.84	22.63	20.29
	Semi-natural woody habitats	<b>-0.836642</b>	-0.479660	-0.198422
	Urbanized land	0.070086	-0.608515	<b>0.673588</b>
	Pastures	<b>0.943985</b>	-0.080996	-0.074526
	Fruit tree plantations	0.587833	-0.038514	<b>-0.690348</b>
	Exotic tree plantations	0.103398	<b>0.941951</b>	0.166513
	Other habitats	0.058446	0.148746	0.556456

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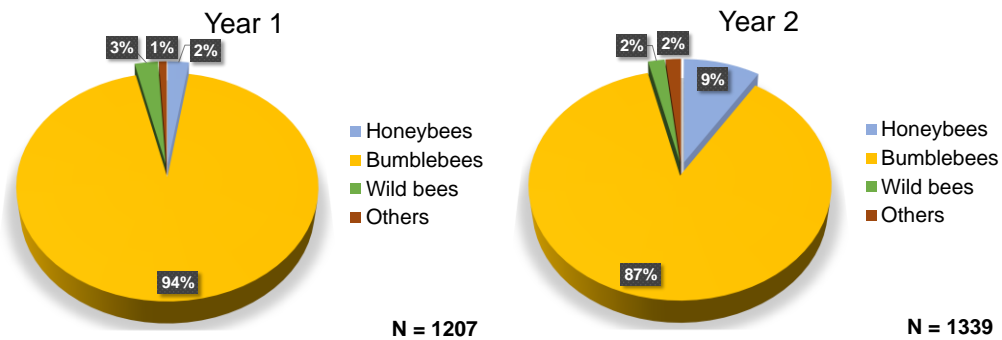
A) Kiwifruit



B) Highbush blueberry



C) Rabbiteye blueberry



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63 Figure S3. Pollinator assemblage in the two sampling years for kiwifruit (A), highbush blueberry  
 64 (B) and rabbiteye blueberry (C) crops. N is the number of insect visits recorded for each crop  
 65 and year.

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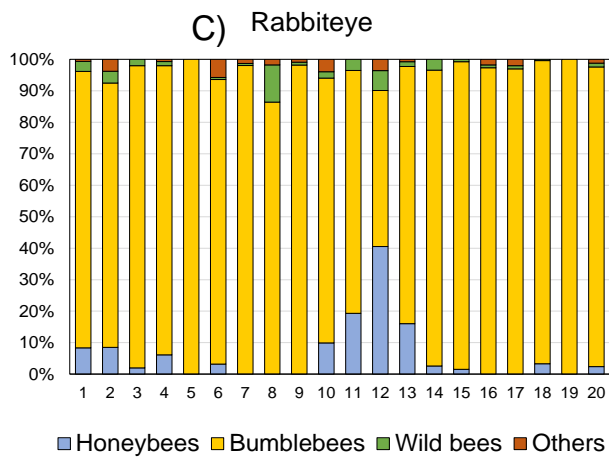
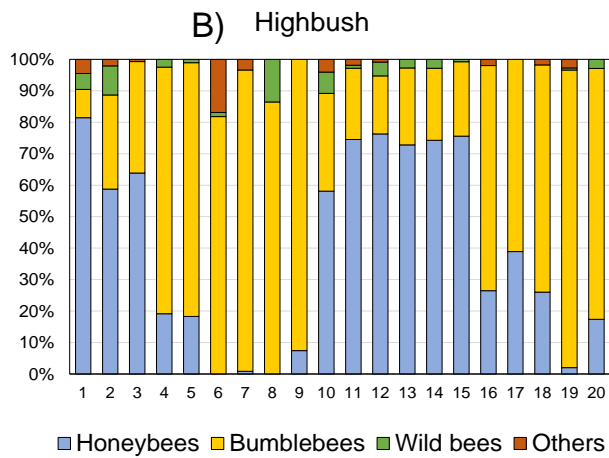
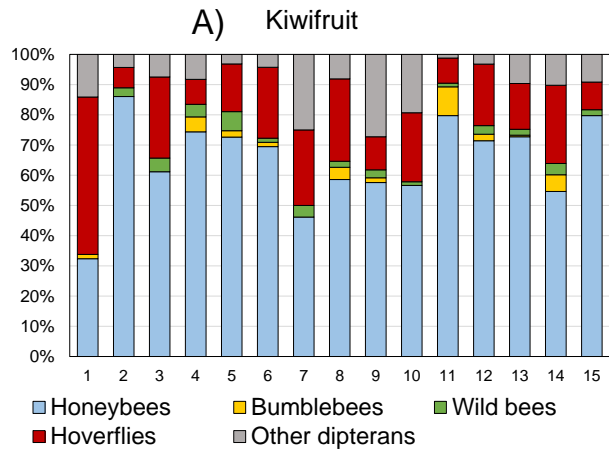
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72 Table S3. List of pollinators recorded visiting flowers in kiwifruit crops.

Species	Order	Pollinator group
<i>Apis mellifera</i>	Hymenoptera	Honeybee
<i>Bombus lucorum</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus pascuorum</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus sylvarum</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus terrestris</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Halictus crenicornis</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Halictus leucaheneus</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Halictus quadricinctus</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Halictus tumulorum</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum (Evylaeus) sp.</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum fulvicorne</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum laticeps</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum lativentre</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum malachurum</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum parvulum</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum pauperatum</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum pauxillum</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum politum</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum pygmaeum</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum sextrigatum</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum transitorium</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum zonulum</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Cheilosia sp.</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Eristalinae)
<i>Eristalis similis</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Eristalinae)
<i>Eristalis tenax</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Eristalinae)
<i>Riponnensia splendens</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Eristalinae)
<i>Syrirta pipiens</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Eristalinae)
<i>Volucella zonaria</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Eristalinae)
<i>Xylota segnis</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Eristalinae)
<i>Chrysotoxum bicinctum</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Syrphinae)
<i>Chrysotoxum festivum</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Syrphinae)
<i>Episyrphus balteatus</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Syrphinae)
<i>Eupeodes corollae</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Syrphinae)
<i>Melanostoma mellinum</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Syrphinae)
<i>Melanostoma scalare</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Syrphinae)
<i>Melanostoma sp.</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Syrphinae)
<i>Meliscaeva auricollis</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Syrphinae)
<i>Neoscia podagrica</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Syrphinae)
<i>Platycheirus sp.</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Syrphinae)
<i>Sphaerophoria scripta</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Syrphinae)
<i>Syrphus ribesii</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Syrphinae)
<i>Syrphus vitripennis</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Syrphinae)
<i>Xanthandrus comtus</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly (Syrphinae)
<i>Anthomyiidae sp.</i>	Diptera	Fly
<i>Chloromyia formosa</i>	Diptera	Fly
<i>Chrysopilus asiliformis</i>	Diptera	Fly
<i>Neomyia cornicina</i>	Diptera	Fly
<i>Stomorhina lunata</i>	Diptera	Fly
<i>Tabanus sp.</i>	Diptera	Fly
<i>Clanoptilus sp.</i>	Coleoptera	Coleoptera
<i>Rhagonycha fulva</i>	Coleoptera	Coleoptera

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Figure S4. Relative abundance of pollinators visiting flowers in each orchard of kiwifruit (A), highbush blueberry (B) and rabbiteye blueberry (C) crops. Numbers on the X-axes correspond to the different orchards.



83 Table S4. List of pollinators recorded visiting flowers in highbush blueberry crops.

Species	Order	Pollinator group
<i>Apis mellifera</i>	Hymenoptera	Honeybee
<i>Bombus hortorum</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus lapidarius</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus pascuorum</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus pratorum</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus sylvarum</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus terrestris</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Andrena dorsata</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Andrena flavipes</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Andrena nitida</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Andrena pilipes</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Anthophora plumipes</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Colletes cunicularius</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Halictus rubicundus</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum calceatum</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum fulvicorne</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum lativentre</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum pallens</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Osmia bicornis</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Xylocopa violacea</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Nomada hispanica</i>	Hymenoptera	Cuckoo bee
<i>Episyrrhus balteatus</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly
<i>Scaeva selenitica</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly
<i>Mesembrina meridiana</i>	Diptera	Fly
<i>Sarcophaga stercoraria</i>	Diptera	Fly
<i>Macroglossum stellatarum</i>	Lepidoptera	Butterfly
<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>	Lepidoptera	Butterfly
<i>Vanessa cardui</i>	Lepidoptera	Butterfly

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88 Table S5. List of pollinators recorded visiting flowers in rabbiteye blueberry crops.

Species	Order	Pollinator group
<i>Apis mellifera</i>	Hymenoptera	Honeybee
<i>Bombus hortorum</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus hypnorum</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus jonellus</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus lapidarius</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus lucorum</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus magnus</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus pascuorum</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus pratorum</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus sylvarum</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus terrestris</i>	Hymenoptera	Bumblebee
<i>Bombus campestris</i>	Hymenoptera	Cuckoo bumblebee
<i>Bombus sylvestris</i>	Hymenoptera	Cuckoo bumblebee
<i>Andrena dorsata</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Andrena nigroaenea</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Andrena nitida</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Anthophora aestivalis</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Anthophora plumipes</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Eucera nigrescens</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum calceatum</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum morio</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum pallens</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Lasioglossum zonulum</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Osmia bicornis</i>	Hymenoptera	Wild bee
<i>Episyrrhus balteatus</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly
<i>Eristalis similis</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly
<i>Eupeodes luniger</i>	Diptera	Hoverfly
<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>	Lepidoptera	Butterfly

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92 Table S6. Results of Generalized Linear Mixed Models evaluating the effects of pollination  
 93 treatment (open vs. supplementary pollination) on fruit set and fruit weight in kiwifruit, highbush  
 94 blueberry and rabbiteye blueberry crops. Models included the variance ( $\pm$ SD) estimate for  
 95 tree/plant and orchard identity, considered as random factors. Details of the family of error  
 96 distribution and link function used are also given.

Crop	<b>Fruit set</b> (Binomial, logit)					
	Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	z	P	
Kiwifruit	Intercept	3.388	0.170	19.97	<0.001	
	Treatment (Supplementary pollination)	-0.087	0.170	-0.51	0.609	
	Tree [Orchard] (random factor)	0.592	0.769			
	Orchard (random factor)	0.005	0.073			
	<b>Fruit weight</b> (Gaussian, log)					
		Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P
		Intercept	6.527	0.037	172.52	<0.001
		Treatment (Supplementary pollination)	0.109	0.019	5.74	<0.001
Highbush blueberry	Intercept	2.332	0.198	11.80	<0.001	
	Treatment (Supplementary pollination)	0.030	0.077	0.40	0.692	
	Plant [Orchard] (random factor)	2.396	1.548			
	Orchard (random factor)	0.429	0.655			
	<b>Fruit weight</b> (Gaussian, log)					
		Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P
		Intercept	1.276	0.036	21.48	<0.001
		Treatment (Supplementary pollination)	0.034	0.034	188.87	0.057
Rabbiteye blueberry	Intercept	2.440	0.155	15.74	<0.001	
	Treatment (Supplementary pollination)	-0.055	0.085	-0.653	0.513	
	Plant [Orchard] (random factor)	1.647	1.283			
	Orchard (random factor)	0.204	0.452			
	<b>Fruit weight</b> (Gaussian, log)					
		Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P
		Intercept	0.862	0.031	27.65	<0.001
		Treatment (Supplementary pollination)	0.004	0.020	0.209	0.835
	Plant [Orchard] (random factor)	0.021	0.146			
	Orchard (random factor)	0.013	0.115			

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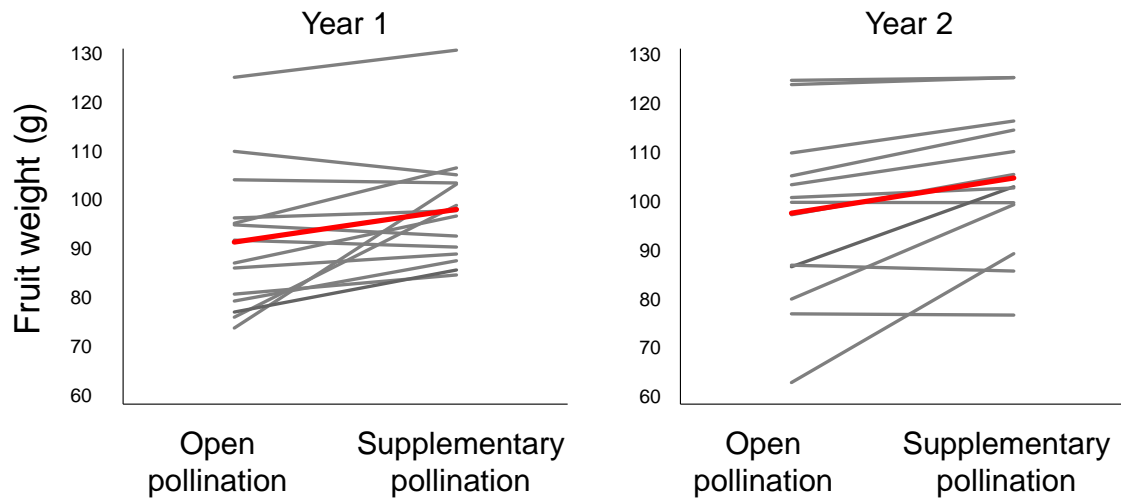
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100 Table S7. Descriptive statistics (number of tree/plants, mean, standard deviation, minimum and  
 101 maximum values) of fruit set (%) and fruit weight (g) for each study crop according to pollination  
 102 treatment.

Crop	Variable	Treatment	N	Mean	SD	Min	Max
Kiwifruit	Fruit set	Open pollination	84	95.78	4.19	86.70	100.00
		Supplementary pollination	84	95.43	3.44	86.70	100.00
	Fruit weight	Open pollination	84	94.12	15.26	64.20	124.30
		Supplementary pollination	84	100.90	12.63	77.50	129.70
Highbush blueberry	Fruit set	Open pollination	192	82.13	19.29	26.49	100.00
		Supplementary pollination	187	82.19	19.79	19.59	100.00
	Fruit weight	Open pollination	192	1.473	0.376	0.561	2.141
		Supplementary pollination	187	1.520	0.387	0.681	2.356
Rabbiteye blueberry	Fruit set	Open pollination	188	84.77	17.60	17.17	100.00
		Supplementary pollination	181	84.95	16.49	32.49	100.00
	Fruit weight	Open pollination	188	0.833	0.214	0.443	1.306
		Supplementary pollination	181	0.850	0.260	0.404	1.672

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111 Figure S5. Fruit weight in kiwifruit crops in the two sampling years according to the pollination  
 112 treatment applied. Higher values in supplementary than in open pollination reflect a pollination  
 113 limitation. Red lines represent the average value for all orchards (in grey). Note that the y-axes  
 114 start at 60 g.

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Table S8. Results of Generalized Linear Mixed Models evaluating the effects of the abundance of honeybees and wild pollinators and the richness of pollinators on fruit set and fruit weight in kiwifruit, highbush blueberry and rabbiteye blueberry crops. In kiwifruit, fruit weight limitation was estimated as the log ratio fruit weight in supplementary- and open-pollination treatments. Details of the family of error distribution and link function used, values of marginal and conditional (in brackets) R<sup>2</sup>, variance (SD) estimate for orchard identity, considered as a random factor, as well as Variance Inflation Factor (VIF) of fixed predictors, are also shown.

Crop													
Kiwifruit	<b>Fruit set</b>	(Binomial, logit)					<b>Fruit weight deficit</b>	(Gamma, log)					
	R <sup>2</sup> = 0.255 (0.299)						R <sup>2</sup> = 0.259 (0.418)						
	Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	z	P	VIF	Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P	VIF	
	Intercept	2,198	0.659	3.33	<0.001		Intercept	0.121	0.069	1.73	0.096		
	Honeybee abundance	0.322	0.204	1.58	0.114	1.95	Honeybee abundance	-0.068	0.019	-3.61	<0.001	1.78	
	Wild pollinator abundance	-0.324	0.088	-3.69	<0.001	1.86	Wild pollinator abundance	0.019	0.008	2.43	0.021	1.66	
	Pollinator richness	0.101	0.065	1.56	0.120	1.33	Pollinator richness	0.011	0.005	1.96	0.054	1.26	
	Male proportion	2,603	2,203	1.18	0.237	1.21	Male proportion	-0.139	0.240	-0.58	0.571	1.08	
Orchard (random factor)	0.076	0.276						Orchard (random factor)	0.002	0.051			
Highbush blueberry	<b>Fruit set</b>	(Binomial, logit)					<b>Fruit weight (open pollination)</b>	(Gaussian)					
	R <sup>2</sup> = 0.318 (0.750)						R <sup>2</sup> = 0.137 (0.450)						
	Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	z	P	VIF	Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P	VIF	
	Intercept	0.331	0.355	0.93	0.351		Intercept	1,290	0.186	6.94	<0.001		
	Honeybee abundance	-0.481	0.504	-0.95	0.340	1.09	Honeybee abundance	-0.947	0.273	-3.47	<0.001	1.12	
	Wild pollinator abundance	5,916	0.990	5.98	<0.001	1.03	Wild pollinator abundance	0.768	0.586	1.13	0.194	1.06	
	Pollinator richness	0.047	0.045	1.04	0.300	1.10	Pollinator richness	0.035	0.026	1.34	0.182	1.08	
	Orchard (random factor)	0.697	0.835						Orchard (random factor)	0.098	0.312		
Rabbiteye blueberry	<b>Fruit set</b>	(Binomial, logit)					<b>Fruit weight (open pollination)</b>	(Gaussian)					
	R <sup>2</sup> = 0.180 (0.744)						R <sup>2</sup> = 0.037 (0.268)						
	Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	z	P	VIF	Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P	VIF	
	Intercept	2,521	0.542	4.65	<0.001		Intercept	0.776	0.132	5.88	<0.001		
	Honeybee abundance	-36.817	7,694	-4.78	<0.001	1.36	Honeybee abundance	0.157	2.024	0.08	0.938	1.14	
	Wild pollinator abundance	0.685	1,240	0.55	0.581	1.38	Wild pollinator abundance	0.775	0.377	2.06	0.042	1.18	
	Pollinator richness	-0.045	0.057	-0.79	0.430	1.07	Pollinator richness	-0.010	0.016	-0.65	0.519	1.04	
	Orchard (random factor)	1,065	1,032						Orchard (random factor)	0.025	0.159		

Table S9. Results of Generalized Linear Mixed Models evaluating the effects of landscape structure (PC1, PC2, PC3; see Table S2) and the management of domestic pollinators on abundance and richness of pollinators in kiwifruit. In brackets, details of the family of distribution and link function used. Values of marginal and conditional (in brackets)  $R^2$ , variance (SD) estimate for orchard identity, considered as a random factor, as well as Variance Inflation Factor (VIF) of fixed predictors, are also shown.

<b>Honeybee abundance</b> (Gaussian, log)					
$R^2 = 0.351$ (0.406)					
Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P	VIF
Intercept	2.310	0.237	9.75	<0.001	
PC1	-0.668	0.149	-4.49	0.001	1.10
PC2	0.234	0.142	1.64	0.135	1.01
PC3	-0.268	0.156	-1.72	0.121	1.23
Occurrence honeybee colonies	0.258	0.307	0.84	0.422	1.23
Occurrence bumblebee colonies	0.216	0.299	0.72	0.479	1.11
Orchard (random factor)	0.099	0.315			
<b>Wild pollinator abundance</b> (Gaussian, log)					
$R^2 = 0.278$ (0.521)					
Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P	VIF
Intercept	1.971	0.229	8.63	<0.001	
PC1	-0.206	0.145	-1.42	0.185	1.06
PC2	0.259	0.141	1.84	0.098	1.01
PC3	-0.367	0.155	-2.37	0.041	1.22
Occurrence honeybee colonies	-0.200	0.302	-0.66	0.523	1.22
Occurrence bumblebee colonies	0.229	0.248	0.92	0.363	1.07
Orchard (random factor)	0.206	0.454			
<b>Pollinator richness</b> (Gamma, log)					
$R^2 = 0.093$ (0.093)					
Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P	VIF
Intercept	1.689	0.060	27.97	<0.001	
PC1	-0.035	0.038	-0.92	0.359	1.12
PC2	0.061	0.037	1.66	0.096	1.03
PC3	-0.025	0.039	-0.64	0.522	1.20
Occurrence honeybee colonies	-0.062	0.077	-0.80	0.422	1.20
Occurrence bumblebee colonies	0.142	0.080	1.77	0.077	1.14
Orchard (random factor)	0	0			

Table S10. Results of Generalized Linear Mixed Models evaluating the effects of landscape structure (PC1, PC2, PC3; see Table S2) and the management of domestic pollinators on abundance of pollinators in highbush blueberry crops. In brackets, details of the family of error distribution and link function used. Values of marginal and conditional (in brackets)  $R^2$ , variance (SD) estimate for orchard identity, considered as a random factor, as well as Variance Inflation Factor (VIF) of fixed predictors, are also shown.

<b>Honeybee abundance</b> (Gamma, log)					
$R^2 = 0.325$ (0.495)					
Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P	VIF
Intercept	0.105	0.027	3.83	<0.001	
PC1	-0.061	0.026	-2.40	0.016	1.10
PC2	-0.044	0.026	-1.70	0.089	1.01
PC3	-0.052	0.026	-1.99	0.046	1.23
Density honeybee colonies	-0.001	0.005	-0.24	0.808	1.23
Density bumblebee colonies	0.007	0.009	0.84	0.399	1.11
Orchard (random factor)	0.004	0.061			
<b>Wild pollinator abundance</b> (Gamma, log)					
$R^2 = 0.254$ (0.360)					
Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P	VIF
Intercept	-2.040	0.149	-13.73	<0.001	
PC1	0.272	0.116	2.34	0.019	1.28
PC2	0.272	0.107	2.55	0.011	1.06
PC3	0.018	0.108	0.17	0.866	1.09
Occurrence honeybee colonies	0.199	0.229	0.87	0.385	1.12
Occurrence bumblebee colonies	0.025	0.236	0.1	0.917	1.31
Orchard (random factor)	0.061	0.248			
<b>Pollinator richness</b> (Gaussian, log)					
$R^2 = 0.059$ (0.405)					
Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P	VIF
Intercept	3.824	0.320	11.97	<0.001	
PC1	-0.209	0.253	-0.83	0.422	1.25
PC2	0.011	0.233	0.05	0.962	1.06
PC3	-0.143	0.236	-0.61	0.554	1.09
Occurrence honeybee colonies	-0.302	0.468	-0.64	0.523	1.11
Occurrence bumblebee colonies	-0.278	0.513	-0.60	0.596	1.30
Orchard (random factor)	0.682	0.826			



Table S11. Results of Generalized Linear Mixed Models evaluating the effects of landscape structure (PC1, PC2, PC3; see Table S2) and the management of domestic pollinators on abundance and richness of pollinators in rabbiteye blueberry crops. In brackets, details of the family of error distribution and link function used. Values of marginal and conditional (in brackets)  $R^2$ , variance (SD) estimate for orchard identity, considered as a random factor, as well as Variance Inflation Factor (VIF) of fixed predictors, are also shown.

<b>Honeybee abundance</b> (Gamma, log)					
$R^2 = 0.134$ (0.413)					
Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P	VIF
Intercept	0.013	0.005	2.69	0.007	
PC1	-0.001	0.005	-0.17	0.869	1.01
PC2	-0.003	0.005	-0.56	0.577	1.02
PC3	-0.002	0.005	-0.35	0.729	1.03
Density honeybee colonies	0.000	0.001	-0.44	0.663	1.00
Density bumblebee colonies	-0.003	0.001	-2.04	0.041	1.06
Orchard (random factor)	0.000	0.010			
<b>Wild pollinator abundance</b> (Gamma, log)					
$R^2 = 0.119$ (0.191)					
Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P	VIF
Intercept	-1.891	0.110	-17.24	<0.001	
PC1	0.150	0.084	1.79	0.074	1.24
PC2	0.085	0.078	1.09	0.276	1.06
PC3	-0.085	0.079	-1.08	0.283	1.09
Occurrence honeybee colonies	0.215	0.180	1.19	0.232	1.09
Occurrence bumblebee colonies	0.036	0.172	0.21	0.835	1.31
Orchard (random factor)	0.022	0.150			
<b>Pollinator richness</b> (Poisson, log)					
$R^2 = 0.106$ (0.106)					
Predictors	Estimate	SE/SD	t	P	VIF
Intercept	1.431	0.067	21.34	< 2e-16	
PC1	-0.146	0.055	-2.65	0.008	1.04
PC2	0.046	0.057	0.80	0.422	1.05
PC3	-0.082	0.061	-1.35	0.178	1.08
Density honeybee colonies	-0.012	0.019	-0.63	0.531	1.02
Density bumblebee colonies	0.024	0.027	0.90	0.368	1.16
Orchard (random factor)	0.000	0.000			