

Intersecting surface defects and 2d Conformal Field Theory

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Oviedo

Outline

- Introduction: class- \mathcal{S} , CFT, partition functions, AGT
- Surface defects and their **intersection**
 - Construction
 - Two simplest intersecting defect systems
 - Partition functions, correlators, dualities
 - Higgsing
- Summary, conjectures
- Open problems

Introduction

class- \mathcal{S} theories

Liouville/Toda

AGT

surface defect (class- \mathcal{S} construction)

AGT with surface defect

Motivations

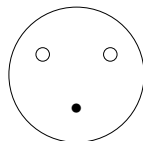
- QFTs are well studied on smooth spaces $(S^n, S^n \times S^1, \dots)$, spaces with boundaries $(D^n, \mathbb{R}^k, \dots)$
- Explore QFTs on intersecting spaces, e.g., $\mathbb{R}_{x_1, x_2=0}^2 \cup \mathbb{R}_{x_3, x_4=0}^2 \subset \mathbb{R}^4$,
 $\mathbb{R}_{x_1, x_2=0}^2 \cap \mathbb{R}_{x_3, x_4=0}^2 = (0, 0, 0, 0)$
- Enrich the family of surface defects in four dimensions
- Generalize AGT correspondence to include intersecting surface defects
- Explore new dualities

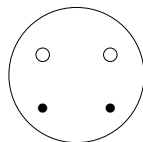
Class \mathcal{S} of type A_{n_f} [Gaiotto]

- 4d $\mathcal{N} = 2$ theories on M^4
- Labeled by punctured Riemann surfaces $\Sigma_{g,n} \Rightarrow \mathcal{T}_{g,n}$ on M^4
- M^4 unrelated to Σ
- Some of them in weak coupling regime \Rightarrow quiver gauge theories

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- Some of them in weak coupling regime \Rightarrow quiver gauge theories
- Examples: consider Riemann spheres


 n_f
 n_f^2 Free hypers

 n_f

 n_f
 $SU(n_f)$ SQCD

 n_f
 n_f

Partition functions Z^M

- For QFTs \mathcal{T} on space M who have Lagrangians
- Defined formally as path integral

$$Z^M(\mathcal{T}) \equiv \int \mathcal{D}[\text{fields}] e^{-S_M[\text{fields}]}$$

- For some theories of class- \mathcal{S} , simplified to ordinary integrals/sums

$$Z^M(\mathcal{T}) = \sum Z_{\text{cl}}(\Phi) Z_{1\text{-loop}}(\Phi) Z_{\text{instanton}}(\Phi)$$

- Examples will be shown later

Liouville/Toda CFT [Teschner, '95; Zamolodchikov, Zamolodchikov, '96;]

- Liouville theory: 2d CFT on $\Sigma_{g,n}$; Toda, the generalized version
- Depend on a param b (\leftrightarrow central charge)
- Liouville $\leftrightarrow W_2 \sim Virasoro$, Toda $\leftrightarrow W_{n_f}$
- **Vertex operators $V_\alpha(x)$** :
 - Location: x
 - Momentum: α
- Special ones: **degenerate vertex op.** $V_{\alpha_{\text{deg}}}(x)$
 - Pick \mathcal{R} : irrep of $\mathfrak{su}(n_f)$
 - **deg.** momentum $\alpha_{\text{deg}} \propto \Omega_{\mathcal{R}}$
- Insert $V_\alpha(x)$ at the punctures
- Correlation functions $\langle V_{\alpha_0}(0)V_{\beta_1}(x_1)\dots V_{\beta_n}(x_n)V_{\alpha_1}(1)V_{\alpha_\infty}(\infty) \rangle$

AGT relation [Alday, Gaiotto, Tachikawa]

- S_b^4 -partition functions (of $\mathcal{T}_{g,n}$) = Liouville/Toda correlators (on $\Sigma_{g,n}$);

$$Z^{S^2 \subset S_b^4} \left(\begin{array}{c} \boxed{n_f} \\ | \\ \boxed{n_f} \end{array} \right) = |x|^{2\gamma_0} |1-x|^{2\gamma_1} \left\langle \begin{array}{c} V_{\alpha_\infty}(\infty) \\ V_{\alpha_0}(0) \\ V_{\alpha_1}(1) \\ \bullet \end{array} \right\rangle$$

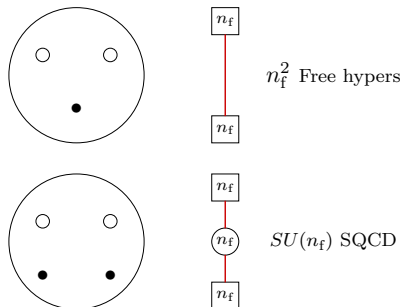
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Surface defect (class- \mathcal{S} construction) [Gomis, Le Floch; Gadde, Gukov; Gaiotto, Kim, ...]

- Insert **degenerate** puncture(s)/vertex operator(s);
- Labeled by a representation \mathcal{R} of $\mathfrak{su}(n_f)$ with highest weight $\Omega_{\mathcal{R}}$;

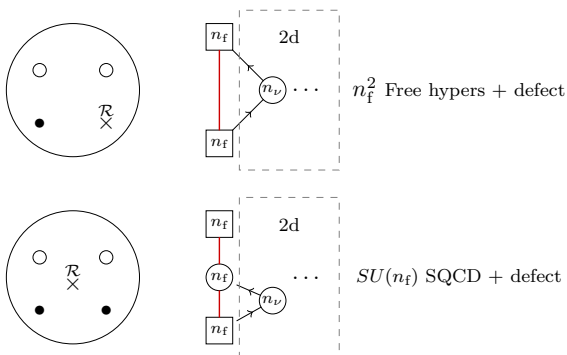
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- Examples (after), **\mathcal{R} determines 2d quiver** (inside dashed box)



AGT relation with one defect [Gomis, Le Floch; ...]

- $S^2 \subset S_b^4$ -partition function = Liouville/Toda deg. correlators;

Intersecting surface defects

One surface defect (QFT construction)

Intersecting surface defect (QFT construction)

Couplings

The example

Higgsing

One surface defect: as 4d-2d system

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 - 4d bulk space M^4 , $\mathcal{N} = 2$ theory \mathcal{T}^{4d} .

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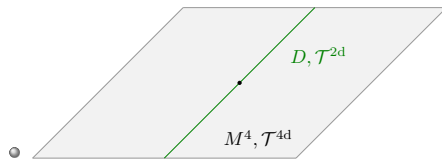
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- \mathcal{T}^{4d} , \mathcal{T}^{2d} couple supersymmetrically.

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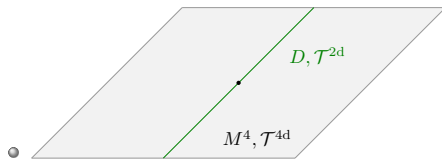
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- Physical quantity: the partition function of the 4d-2d coupled system

Intersecting surface defects: as 4d-2d-0d system

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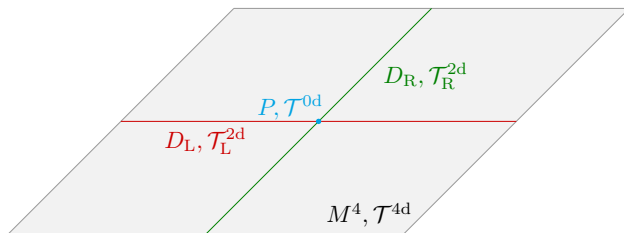
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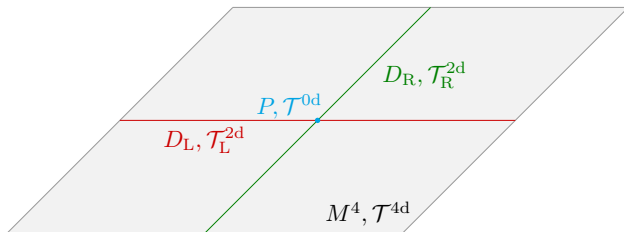
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Coupling across dimensions

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- Decompose: $\mathfrak{f}^{4d \mathcal{N}=2}(x_1, \dots, x_4) \rightarrow \mathfrak{f}_{x_3, x_4}^{\mathcal{N}=(2,2)}(x_1, x_2) \rightarrow \mathfrak{f}_{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4}^{0d \mathcal{N}=2}$
- Examples ($\mathbb{R}^4 \supset \mathbb{R}_{x_3, x_4}^2 \supset \{0\}$):

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{A}^{4d \mathcal{N}=2} &\rightarrow \mathcal{A}_{x_3, x_4}^{\mathcal{N}=(2,2)} \oplus \Phi_{x_3, x_4}^{\mathcal{N}=(2,2)}, & \mathcal{Q}^{\mathcal{N}=2} &\rightarrow \Phi_{x_3, x_4}^{\mathcal{N}=(2,2)} \oplus \tilde{\Phi}_{x_3, x_4}^{\mathcal{N}=(2,2)} \\ \mathcal{A}^{\mathcal{N}=(2,2)} &\rightarrow \mathcal{A}_{x_1, x_2}^{0d \mathcal{N}=2} \oplus \Phi_{x_1, x_2}^{0d \mathcal{N}=2}, & \Phi^{\mathcal{N}=(2,2)} &\rightarrow \Phi_{x_1, x_2}^{0d \mathcal{N}=2} \oplus \mathcal{F}_{x_1, x_2}^{0d \mathcal{N}=2} \end{aligned}$$

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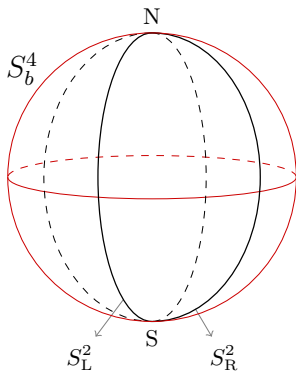
- Higher-dim vector multiplet gauge lower-dim global symmetries
- Bulk and defect fields superpotential \Rightarrow relations between \mathcal{R} -charges and masses.

Example: the quivers

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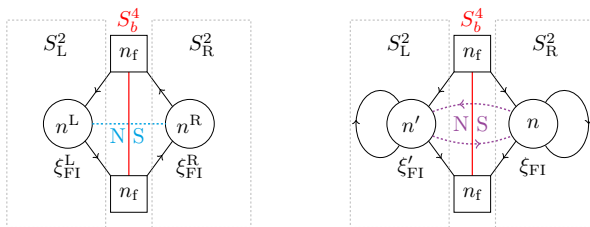
$$S_L^2: \ell^{-2}(x_1^2+x_2^2)+\quad\quad\quad+r^{-2}x_5^2=1$$

$$S_R^2: \quad\quad\quad+\tilde{\ell}^{-2}(x_3^2+x_4^2)+r^{-2}x_5^2=1$$

$$b^2 = \ell/\tilde{\ell}$$

Example: the quivers

- $M^4 = S_b^4$, $D_L = S_L^2$, $D_R = S_R^2$, $\{N, S\} = S_L^2 \cap S_R^2$
- 4d-2d-0d coupled system: **Fermi-type** and **Chiral-type** quivers



4d free hypers

on S_b^4

2d chirals

on S_L^2 , S_R^2 respectively

0d Fermis

on N , S

0d chirals

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Example: partition function

- The full partition function reads

$$Z^{S_L^2 \cap S_R^2 \subset S_b^4} = Z_{\text{freehyper}}^{S_b^4} \sum_{B^{L,R}} \int d\sigma^{L,R} \prod_{\alpha=L,R} Z_{\text{SQCD}(A)}^{S_\alpha^2}(\sigma^\alpha, B^\alpha) \\ \times Z_{\text{F/C}}^N(\sigma, B) Z_{\text{F/C}}^S(\sigma, B)$$

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- the 0d Fermi/chiral contribution at N- and S-poles

$$Z_{\text{F/C}}^{\text{N/S}}(\sigma, B) = \begin{cases} \prod_{a=1}^{n^{\text{R}}} \prod_{b=1}^{n^{\text{L}}} \Delta_{ab}^{\text{N/S}} \\ \prod_{a=1}^{n^{\text{R}}} \prod_{b=1}^{n^{\text{L}}} \prod_{\pm} (\Delta_{ab}^{\text{N/S}} \pm (b^2 + b^{-2})/2)^{-1} \end{cases}$$

where $\Delta_{ab}^{\text{N/S}} \equiv b^{-1}(i\sigma_a^{\text{L}} \pm B_a^{\text{L}}/2) - b(i\sigma_b^{\text{R}} \pm B_b^{\text{R}}/2)$.

Example: compare with Liouville [Fateev, et.al, '09; Zamolodchikov, Zamolodchikov;]

- Liouville CFT on $\Sigma_{g=0} = S^2$; parameter b
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- Left-right mass relations $b^{-1} m_i = b m'_i + \frac{i}{2}(b^2 - b^{-2})$, etc: **superpotential**

CFT	$\mathcal{R}, \mathcal{R}' = \square$	x	$\alpha' s$
Quiver	$n = n' = \dots = 1$	$e^{-2\pi\xi}$	masses

Seiberg-like duality

- Hint from previous slide: quivers of **F-type** and **C-type** have equal partition function

$$\frac{1}{A_F(x, \bar{x})} Z \left[\begin{array}{c} S_L^2 \quad n_f \quad S_R^2 \\ \begin{array}{ccc} \circlearrowleft n^L & \text{NS} & \circlearrowright n^R \\ \xi_{F1}^L & & \xi_{F1}^R \end{array} \\ n_f \end{array} \right] \stackrel{2\text{nd}}{=} \frac{1}{A_C(x, \bar{x})} Z \left[\begin{array}{c} S_L^2 \quad n_f \quad S_R^2 \\ \begin{array}{ccc} \circlearrowleft n' & \text{NS} & \circlearrowright n \\ \xi_{F1}^L & & \xi_{F1}^R \end{array} \\ n_f \end{array} \right]$$

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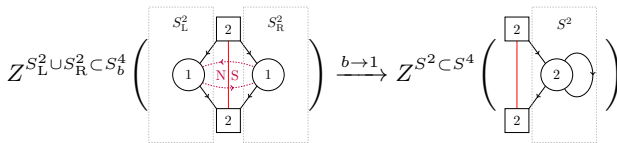
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- Parameters relations
 - $n = n^R, n' = n_f - n^L$
 - $\xi_{FI} = \xi_{FI}' = \xi_{FI}^R = -\xi_{FI}^L \equiv \xi$
 - Mass relations $m_j + i/2 = m_j^R, m_j' + i/2 = \tilde{m}_j^L$, etc.

Symmetry enhancement

- Round sphere limit $b \rightarrow 1$.
- $\alpha_{\text{deg}} = -b/2 - b^{-1}/2 \rightarrow -b \sim$ highest weight of $\mathcal{R} \equiv \text{symm}^2 \square_{\text{su}(2)}$.
- By [Gomis, Le Floch], **intersecting** defect $\xrightarrow{b \rightarrow 0}$ **single** defect on one S^2 :

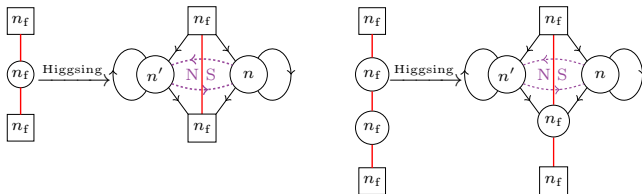


Higgsing

- Procedure of constructing surface defects [Gaiotto, Razamat, Rastelli; Gaiotto, Kim].
- $\mathcal{T}_{UV}^{\mathcal{N}=2} \xrightarrow{\text{Higgsing}} \mathcal{T}_{IR}^{\mathcal{N}=2} + \text{surface defects}$
- **C-type** Quiver from Higgsing, I.P.F. with surface defects from Higgsing
- Factorization [Pan, Peelaers, to appear]: $Y \rightarrow Y^L, Y^R$,

$$Z_{\text{inst}}(Y) \sim Z_{\text{vortex}}(Y^L) Z_{\text{vortex}}(Y^R) Z_{0\text{dchiral}}(Y^L, Y^R)$$

- Example:



Summary/conjectures

The conjecture: ingredients

- Players
 - 4d-2d-0d coupled quiver gauge theories : F- and C-type
 - Degenerate Liouville/Toda correlators

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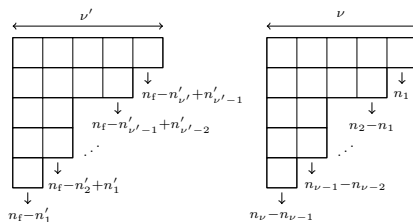
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 - determine **2d** part of the quivers;
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- Other input: $\xi \leftrightarrow x$, $m, \tilde{m} \leftrightarrow \alpha_0, \alpha_\infty$
 - ξ : 2d FI parameter;
 - m, \tilde{m} : 2d masses;
 - x : position of the deg. vertex operator;
 - α_0, α_∞ momenta of other vertex operators.

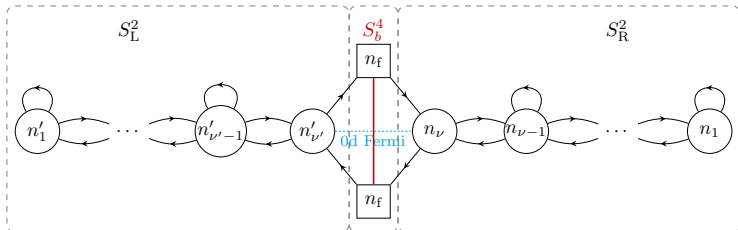
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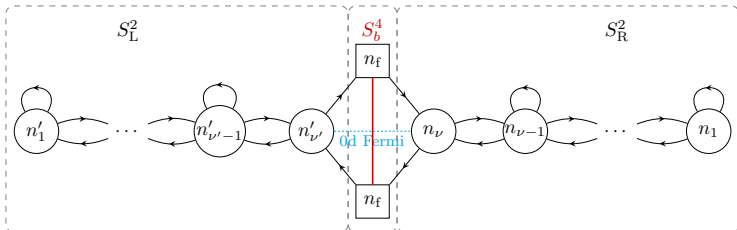
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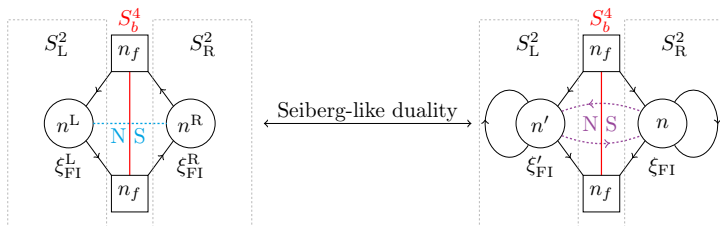


- $\mathcal{R}, \mathcal{R}'$ determines the degenerate momentum: $\alpha_{\text{deg}} = -b\Omega_{\mathcal{R}} - b^{-1}\Omega_{\mathcal{R}'}$:

$$\left\langle \hat{V}_{\alpha_0}(0) \hat{V}_{\alpha_{\text{deg}}}(x, \bar{x}) \hat{V}_{\alpha_1}(1) \hat{V}_{\alpha_{\infty}}(\infty) \right\rangle$$

The conjectures

- Full $(S^4 \supset S_L^2 \cup S_R^2)$ -partition function of the F-type quiver gauge theory = Liouville/Toda degenerate correlator with $\hat{V}_{-b\Omega_{\mathcal{R}} - b^{-1}\Omega_{\mathcal{R}'}}$
- A special set of F-type quivers are Seiberg-dual to C-type quivers:



where $n^L + n' = n_f$, $n = n^R$.

Open problems

Open problems

- F-type quiver from Higgsing?
- Seiberg-like, hopping dualities when \mathcal{T}^{4d} is interacting?
- Brane realization of the Seiberg-like duality (C-type \leftrightarrow F-type)?
- Generalize to intersecting Levi-type defects, and W_ρ correlators?
- What is the low energy effective theories for intersecting GLSM's? NLSM's on intersecting worldsheets?

And ...

Thank you for your attention!